

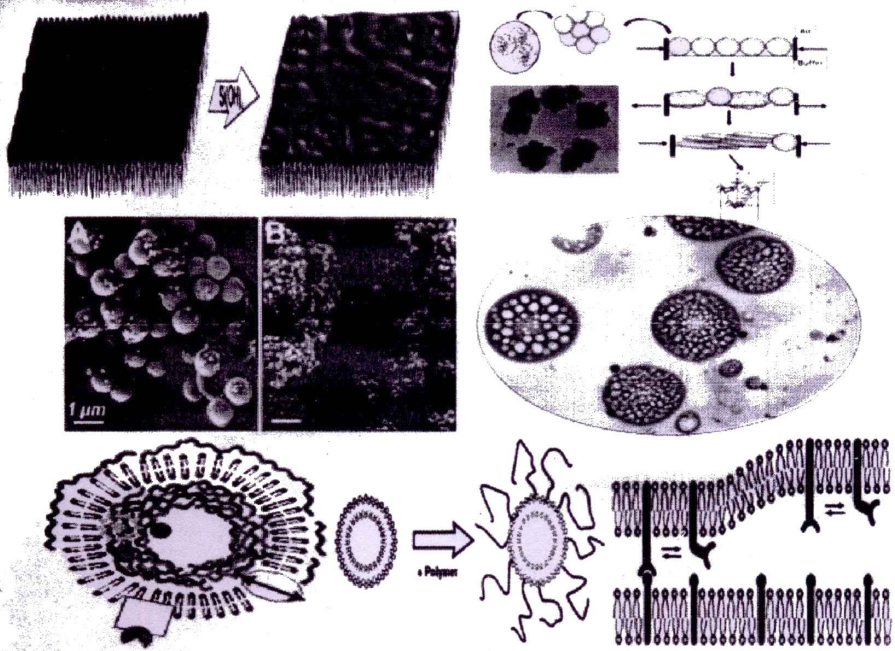
Day 28-11-13



XVI NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SURFACTANTS, EMULSIONS AND BIOCOLLOIDS



NATCOSEB-XVI



28 – 30 November, 2013

CSIR-Central Leather Research Institute
Adyar, Chennai-20



Effect of Gemini Surfactants, Alkanediyl- α , ω -bis-(Dimethyl-tetradecylammonium Bromide) on Ninhydrin/ Dipeptide Reaction**Mohd. Akram*, Adel A. M. Saeed, Kabir-Ud-Din**

Department of Chemistry, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh- 202002, India

E-mail: drmohdakram@rediffmail.com

Abstract

The reaction of ninhydrin-dipeptide glycyl-alanine (Gly-Ala) has been studied in the presence of dimeric cationic gemini surfactant, alkanediyl- α , ω -bis (dimethyltetradecylammonium bromide) (referred to as 14~s~14, where $s = 4,5,6$) using spectrophotometer at 70 °C and pH =5.0. The reaction follows first- and fractional-order kinetics, respectively. The reaction between ninhydrin and Gly-Ala was enhanced more effectively in presence of 14~s~14, dimeric surfactants than their single chain-single head counterpart tetramethylammonium bromide (TTAB) micelles. Also, whereas typical rate constant (k_{ψ}) increases and leveling-off regions, just like TTAB, are observed with gemini, the later produce a third region of increasing k_{ψ} at higher concentration. Quantitative kinetic analysis of k_{ψ} -[14~s~14] data has been established on the basis of *pseudo*-phase model. The micellar binding constants K_s for Gly-Ala and K_N for ninhydrin were evaluated.