

Crime management and Fighting Terrorism

Field study to analyze Facebook sites across Algerian virtual borders

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Submission Date 31/08/2021 Acceptance date 02/11/2021 Published date 15/01/2022

Abstract:

This field study aims to highlight the symbolic violence factor on Facebook sites that may shape the behavior of the criminal and the nutrient of violence in the individuals involved. As much as the Algerian citizen interacts with the use of the web, as he has become a prominent element of its membership. The social media network is a space in which people and actors are known for their violence against themselves and society in general. The physical content of social networks, with its many components, is an integral part of the strategies of deviation and cybercrime. Thus the role of websites is effective in the marketing of criminal self. Which is invested by terrorist groups polarizing through their websites by the need for suicide elements as if it were announcing vacant positions for young people.

The phenomenon was analyzed from its psychological and social dimension as a field study applied during this season 2017, where the descriptive analytical approach was followed by the quantitative and qualitative methods. The statistical structure has 23 images of profile social networks, and the qualitative approach of analyzing content with display network technology according to the steps of content analysis to reveal structure, during which we have come to build a strategy for crime management and prevention of violence.

Keywords: Cyber Terrorism ; Social Networks ;Symbolic Violence.

1. INTRODUCTION:

The changes in the world and the bets of the twenty-first century have defined the growing and worsening of the phenomenon of terrorism as a social phenomenon that is evolving as societies evolve. The forms that the phenomenon of cyber terrorism has developed as a kind of modern terrorism, has added and invested information technologies and Communications in the present era are tailored to the requirements and starting points of fear and instability in the country. This type of terrorism is one of the recent phenomena that have emerged before internal security challenges by crossing geographical boundaries and acquiring a multi-border nature, and after the advent of information networks. Borders are no longer visible or tangible, standing in front of information across different countries.

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The ability of computers to transfer and exchange large amounts of information between systems separated by thousands of miles has led to multiple locations from different countries, this may be affected by electronic terrorism, the volume of losses and targeted funds, and the distance that may separate the offender from such information and funds. The approach is more likely to be characterized by the risks of cyber-crime of a special nature that distinguishes it from its traditional crimes by the difficulty of detecting and proving crimes, often hidden, with no written effect and no visible external effect. With the possibility of committing such crimes and all geographical boundaries have vanished.

The international nature of terrorist crimes raised an important question concerning the determination of the country whose case is concerned with pursuing the crime, or the one whose interests were harmed as a result of this manipulation. This nature has also raised doubts about the effectiveness of the laws in dealing with cyber terrorism, particularly about the collection and acceptance of evidence. In the face of internal security challenges and threats, the former Chinese President Jiang Zemin noted that the development of informatics technologies have raised new problems, the most important of which are the emergence of sites that encourage the belief in superstition, pornography, violence and harmful information, all of which harm the health of the people and the mental youth (Hassanein Tawfiq Ibrahim, 1992, p45). The Internet has turned into the violence industry as it is considered an ideal market for it. so that it has forgotten all over the place and the world's sanctity and blunders. I have to talk about it in a way that combines the examination of the crime speech in which the stakeholders promote it as containing the seeds of treatment and success of all our problems at the level of all frameworks. There is a decisive difference between those who receive the information and communication revolution as mere consumers who are limited to negative reactions. Those who are involved in an act of support and opposition to this revolution carries with it the first unimaginable benefits and dangers that no one can predict how great it is (Philip Rigo, 2009, p07). so that this kind of criminality depends on thought and not violence. Virtual reality reaches the absence of the body, place and moral commitment. while creating a misleading image of self and social, addressing marginal needs that reshape human conscience and consciousness. All of this is in consumption frameworks that are preoccupied with the criminal act, leading to the execution of many criminal operations and the formation of many terrorist organizations that have touched all regimes and countries of the world.

Hence, the importance of the study emerged as an important space for studying human behaviors and patterns of thinking. Through a range of valuable assumptions that examine the relationship between networks as a

dynamic means and individuals as an active user and interactively with network content by highlighting the symbolic violence factor in social networks that may be a factor that may shape the criminal's behavior and fuel violent behavior Connected individuals. As far as the Algerian citizen has interacted with the use of the Internet, he has become a prominent member of the network, who has taken from Profile to the social networks a space in which the involved and the actors are known to be violent against themselves and society in general. An integral part of the strategies for deviation and cybercrime. Thus the role of websites becomes effective in self-marketing criminal and used by terrorist groups to attract, through their web sites, the need for suicide elements as if they were declaring vacant positions of youth.

This is a way to understand the basic results of working with social networks and their virtual world, according to indicators of trauma as a key tool for attracting terrorist volunteers and looking at what can lead to them in the near and far future.

2. Statement of the problem : In the present research paper aimis , is to highlight the symbolic violence factor of social communication, which is considered is one of the factors that may shape the behavior of the criminal and the feeding behavior of violence among individuals connected to social networks, among the most important means affecting the personality of the individual and the child. The physical content of social networks, including many components, is an integral part of the crime and deviation strategy in which one of us lives most of our time and spends a long time up to 50% of the day in contact periods without exception for all segments. The electronic environment of the social media network is no longer merely help for communication and chat among individuals, but it is also helping to qualify it as an active member of cybercrime. The current study has an Epistemological vision of the stages of the development of electronic terrorism, from the criminal thought of man to the contemporary terrorist thought. It is based on an initial perception that symbolic violence is linked to several variables of this study. Based on crime, has developed its psychological and social dimension in which it has shed some light on the supposed social network of self-image (profile) and characteristics of the criminal on the one hand. In order to identify cybercrime, to know its characteristics as social discourse, to stand up to the mechanisms that govern the growth and development of the phenomenon of terrorism and to achieve this goal, we have tried to confine some questions. to what is happening in social networks ?. What types of symbolic violence are advertised through social networks? How did the images of profiles "Ville" affect the marketing of crime? How the content of the publications may influence the polarization of the terrorist character? What are the possible

mechanisms for eliminating security risks, and how can a preventive strategy be built to reduce violence under the challenges of cyber terrorism?

3. Amis of the study: The objective of the Business Study is to provide a future perspective based on the possibilities for solving the problem of terrorism:

- ✓ network Social Network's reality and its impact on terrorist personality building.

- ✓ The activation of the preventive role that precedes the occurrence of electronic terrorist crime.

- ✓ High-level social networking is being re-established through the internal security strategy and the digital technology reduction of the spread of terrorist crime.

- ✓ The statement of strategic vision for crime risk management and prevention from regimes to terrorist groups.

- ✓ Is the best way to prevent the dangers of terrorism through Facebook and to fortify social networks.

4. The significance of the study:

Terrorism is the subject of the time-to-time talk of its seriousness, and the study draws its importance from the importance of achieving security, fighting crime, and fighting terrorism.

- ✓ we hope that the results of the study on combating cyber terrorism and its impact on maintaining the security of states, the safety of homelands, and providing solutions decision-makers to benefit from reducing the negative impact of social networks. they are important to the technology used in our content analysis to learn about the dimensions of the individual's media impact on personality formation Criminal and terrorist indoctrination through indoctrination program.

5. limitation of Study: The duration of the study is approximately 8 months in 2017. By analyzing the images of the profile users of the social network via the Facebook websites within the Algerian geographical borders. They were chosen by other means, and this great interest by the young people and their characteristics distinguish them from the rest of the websites of Twitter and YouTube, all of which are in one place where individuals communicate.

6. Concepts and Terms: In order to identify the cognitive and scientific field of study variables, the procedural definition of study terms must be defined:

6.1. Symbolic violence: It is one of the most dangerous types of violence and is also called " the violence of others " , hidden or persuasive, and it is not explicitly and directly significant, based on its method of inflaming harm and harm to others. The violation of the public security system is a combination of

moral and behavioral fallacies, from attacks to human crimes directed at the general public by imposing their way of thinking, expression and perception that is more appropriate to their interests. It is evident in valuable, emotional and cultural practices that rely on symbols as instruments of control and domination such as language, images, signs, semantics and meanings other than physical or direct violence whose purpose is specific, in which their actors deliberately conjecture without public appearance.

6.2. Social Networking: Sites created by individuals that target the collection of friends, knowledge, relatives, and classmates in one place on the Web to share interests, opinions, comments, news, and create new friendships with a pure social banner. Social networks are a virtual alternative to real social groups that have been reduced by changing lifestyles, speed of rhythm, and the divergence of emotional and psychological distances between human beings due to the development of new communication technology.

6.3. Electronic-terrorism: This is the convergence between traditional terrorism and social networks, starting from the Internet. That kind of modern terrorism, which depends quantitatively on the use of all scientific and technical means and capabilities of the Internet and information networks illegally. It is carried out by one or several persons to achieve its purposes in order to introduce fear and terror and to harm private individuals, groups, or governmental institutions for political, religious, or ideological reasons. This damage can be economic, social, environmental, and, in some cases, the neutrality of individuals (Patrick Chambert, P2).

7. Methodological Framework of the study: After the concept of study variables in the maturity, aspect has been demonstrated in terms of both historical development and its concept and motivations, models, and field practice in some Arab and world societies, Without losing sight of the comparative aspect and the most important differences, the major features of the study are designed with its different elements and dimensions, depending on the relative approach that established the bibliographic study curve that creates possibilities for solving future problems and does not need to clarify a specific solution. The future study is not limited to predicting the future before it happens, but it is more important to determine the possible possibilities for this future and to set the desired allowances, reveal the likely problems in the future, and predict the priorities that can be set as solutions for solving these problems (Al-Mubarak Hajj Ahmed, 2014).

8. Study Curriculum: Curricula vary by subject and subject diversity that the researcher studies. In the following research, the research plan is based on the ergonomic approach and is the only approach with multiple methodologies. Thus, combining the descriptive analytical approach of social network analysis techniques and not only with its description, but to extract the structure and

contents of the semantic area of self-images, through a nurse, all available images of symbolic violence have been screened and collected in a quantitative manner that makes it a dependency in the field of cybercrime.

Since the study of self-perception through profile is complex but indispensable, before choosing the technology and the adequate method, it is necessary to determine the content of the study and collect the elements that make up the concepts, as well as to understand the adjustment of these factors and to give an identity to the central and oceanic nucleus. There are several ways to gather perceptions and under the chosen means, the social network is chosen as a form of image-based expression for individuals based on the graphic and figurative method and is used when individuals are unable to express automatically and verbally.

The publications are characterized by mobility with both implicit and hidden factors about self-perception and about social perceptions that enable the researcher to access the content of perceptions based on the analytical approach. In a way that aims to quantify the content that is relevant to communication in terms of all the meanings expressed by a word, voice, or image. Access to a causal description of the content to objectively detect the nature and depth of the stimuli caused by the objective is to give a quantified description of any symbolic behavior.

9. Community Study: The original community is the number of people online with social networking sites and Facebook is one of the world's most popular social sites According to statistics of the pioneers 10 million Algerians are using Facebook, of them 68% are men, 32% are women, and 90% of them are under the age of 35.

10. Study Sample: The profile depicts Facebook websites for its users to enter their personal data and share them with other users of the site. this can be considered as an important space for studying individual behaviors and their thinking patterns. Measuring their practice of violence through a range of valuable assumptions that examine the relationship between the Internet as a dynamic tool and young people as an effective user and interactively with network content. The sample becomes the unity of the image. because of the well-considered nature of the virtual reality. It is not realistic either by providing misleading information or the identity of the unknown profile whose biogeographic qualities are difficult to determine.

The ice ball was chosen from the non-random samples, while the researcher sets certain characteristics that must be available in the research, and is based on his choice of search specimens. Like a snowball. that grows in size as it rolled meter after meter, by this name, the first individual is the point where condensation will start to complete the ball, i.e. the sample. This method is based on the selection of a particular individual and the introduction of this

individual from the information of interest to the subject of the study. So that the researcher decides who is the second person who chooses to complete the required information (Slatnia, 2004, p330). Although this method of sample selection is not truly representative, it is sometimes useful when it is difficult to reach members of the study community. We have collected a simple sample of 23 images of Profile for social network users, including 11 for Profile for individual representation and 12 for Profile for group representation. 139 photos of social media publications bearing all the meanings of symbolic violence have been analyzed. The sample members hold the Algerian nationality.

10. procedural phases of the Field of Study: The study aims at exploring the features of the self-image of symbolic violence and is preparing for the second stage, while the second stage is of an interpretative nature that seeks to generalize the studied phenomena and to determine the interrelationships between phenomena. "The relationship between the two stages is very close, as it is difficult to formulate explanatory statements without having any kind of interpretation. A well- organized and self-evident image, is based on the process of interpretation of the criminal process and is the process of the description of the letters and images. The study was carried out in two stages:

The first stage: The contact is done here by identifying the social networking sites with the profile of the self-image within a specific by observing and collecting the necessary information and data about it in a way that can clarify some social phenomena.

The second stage: the level of observation by analyzing the content of communication material in the form of images, messages, and symbols by classifying, organizing and arranging the subject by categories and attempting to reach a causal description of the content to reveal the nature of the stimuli and their causal depth of symbolic behavior and the features shown in This content (Misba, 2008).

11. Statistical Processing and the Analysis of the Results:

1.1. Results of the Study based on Metadata for individuals Profile Images

Case numbering	profile images	title	unit	Data
1		Killer	Word	mention from Blida city, Technical level.
2			Image	Data does not exist

3				Data does not exist
4				Housing, Mustaghanem, Facebook page persons By 81 followers.
5				Housing: Telaghema, Constantine /Algeria followed by 588 persons
6				Housing, Msila, followed by 90 persons
7				Data does not exist
8				Self-employed
9				simple employee, level 4 elementary
10				Baziz Muhammed works in Algiers, studies in Algiers, lives in Al-Akhdhariya, Algiers
11				He studies Chemistry at Muhammed Khaider University ,Biskra .

table -1-of Profile's individuals Representation of Social Network Users.

1.2. Discussion of Results: The data show that most of social media participants are male confirms most of the sample (63.72%) always use Facebook daily. The participant indicate that the most motivating reason are behind using Facebook is chat. The members sample belong to different regions in Algeria such as: Belida, Mostaganem, Telaghma Wilaya de Mila,

Msila, Batna, Algiers, Beskra, Setif, ouergla, and Constantine. It is also varied in terms of the level of education from level 4 primary education in to the university level and various professions, ranging from self-employment to management.

Most of the images of the profile are from the image of the self, whether produced by the user or based on a publication, film, or feature of a famous hostile figure with symbolic acts of violence, expressing their pain and problems or a cause of shock expressed by: " The killer ", "There is a pain that the letters cannot write ", "we hate our lives, sadness my address ", "I want to die only ", I want revenge ", "I do not want life and I do not want death ", " the wage killer outside the law ", "I personally do not like insulting anyone but I do not have mercy ", "the death industry ", "we are playing with weapons". "I wanted an accident that lost my life ", " we were afraid of death, we were afraid that it would be too late and leave us to live ", " I hate this world and what it is in ", "O death of the Almighty ", " take my soul out of me ".

In pictures: Classified by form pattern as Catalan: Images reproduced from a publication: Case 1, case 2, case 4, case 7, case 8, case 10 case 11. The pictures from the horror, fear, and crime films: Case 2, case 3, case 4. Pictures of famous personalities are most notably pictures of the Gukar personality: Batman, Dark Knight, case 8, case 9, case 11, case 12.

The individual profile images of communication site users are explained by their self- defense status, which they have formed (profile images). To reject what they have used and to show such behavior in the behavior of minorities and intolerance, through which they define the personal identity, i.e. to achieve the individual's self by supporting personal values, patterns of behavior, and unity with the values of others. In its interaction, it is exposed to the circumstances of others, to the achievement of belonging, interaction, and social media, which helps them to build their awareness and form itself of the stimuli with which they interact in their virtual environment.

2.1 Results of the Study based on Metadata for Group Profile Images:

Case numbering	profile images	title	unit	data
1		We hate our lives	Picture and Word expression	No Data
2		sadness My address and death are my greatest dream		No Data

3		I want only to die		No Data
4		I want revenge		No Data
5		I don't want to live and I don't want to die		No Data
6		Killer wage	Photo and words	166 followers and Subscriber, no data
7		wage Killer		No Data
8		the wage Killer		Location: Setif
9		the out of law		No Data
10		State of recipient	1070230 followers and 08 marches	by acting in breaking, exonerating, spying, penetrating, destroying pirate
11		Joker		followed by 76 person location: Algeria

12		Image and words	merchant, electronics, University of Ouergla, English language, lives in London / Fiji/
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Table-2- of Profile's collective Representation of Social Network Users.

2.3. Analysis and Discussion of the Results: As revealed from the analysis of the profile of collective representation of social network users, the ideas conveyed through the slogans and the images revolved around the following themes.

2.3.1. In Terms of Thought : the most recurring slogans revolved around ideas such as : sad- ness, death is my greatest dream, I want to retaliate, I do not want life and I do not want death, the wage murderer, outside the law, a country for the recipient.

2.3.2 In Terms of Intensity of Direction: Most of them were centered on case 10 of the countries' image of those receiving the inspiration of symbolic violence represented in the integration of approximately 1070230 tracers and involved in the group run by 8 members, adopting all means of electronic terrorism by breaking, exiling, subverting, spying, penetrating, destroying, and pirating.

As for the concentration of the trend, three groups of the same idea were repeated under the title of the wage murderer suggesting the voluntary terrorist act in which the image of the representative of the group varied between a famous figure, "Joker "case No. 08" and the image represents a duo of case No. 06 and a skull image of case No.

07. followed by 166 participants on the page, the prominent character in the pictures of the profile collective representation embodied on case No. 08, case 11, and case 12, which represented the character "Joker" with 78 people.

In order to understand the evolution of criminality from the form of violence to the image of the shabby, we offer a social explanation of a phenomenon because the crime is not an isolated individual phenomenon, but a product of society to find out why the criminal has committed his crime, the relationship between him and his social environment and the analysis of the nature of criminal behavior that is formed during This relationship, according to "Gabrial Tard" the crime is caused by the environmental effect and is due to the process of imitation resulting from the relationship between two persons who exercise a mental influence on the other, and the individual practices his criminal conduct imitating others, without examples of murder and suicide practiced by individuals before them. The perpetrators of such acts were not known or prosecuted, "Tard "looks at the criminal as a luxury model so that he can work on their craft for a certain period, just like other craft owners. Some scientists believe that criminal behavior is the result of rapid social change, so that man is unable to catch up with technological development that sometimes causes

family disintegration, economic dislocation, and standard of living, and some scientists call this trend the theory of social defense because it puts society as a whole in a cage. The accusation is the first official in charge of social diseases, behavioral deviations and psychological problems.

3. Content of Facebook Social Network Posts:

3.1. Analysis and Discussion of the Results : Most of the sample members emphasize one idea represented about the crime of a symbolic nature, on the one hand, of the original direct violence toward the original, aggressive response theme, and on the other hand, indirect violence directed at one of the original symbols of the topic. And not to the original subject of the aggressive response, for example, the threat is directed to sabotaging state property, and this is due to what violent publications carry, with a profound impact on the emotions and feelings of those involved, because it drives them negative feelings and emotions such as fear, anxiety, confinement, and depression because of their expression of their pain and Their problems, or because of isolation, convergence, alienation, and recklessness, prompting those involved in chatting to empty and venting or imitating these images for self-realization. "Pierre Bourdieu" has spoken about it directly when he held the media and communication responsible for the symbolic violence that it displays through various channels just now. Mechanism and Technology.

The content of the social media pages is classified in terms of symbolic representation of violence as follows:

1_violence toward the self: 1-2-3-5-6-12-18-19-21-24-25-27-30-33-35-37-42-50-55-61-60-65-67-68-70-81-83-86-88-90-95-100-104-105-106-108-120-124-125-132-134.(look to Appendix numb _1)

2.violence toward the community: Represents in each of the following cases: 16_31_53_59_64_85_122_129

3.violence by tool demonstrated: white weapon, burning, various methods of torture and the fame of its host for 17 cases varied as: 1-5-6-20-22-25-42-57-58_91_93_96_100_11_118_120_124

4.symbolic violence: Inspired by horror films and fear for the majority of images, 34 cases are 4_7_10_13_14_16_17_22_29_32_34-36-47-48-49-50-52-54-56-_69_80_89_92_97_135_113_138 (see Appendix 1)

Sociologists have a great deal of concern for the impact of the media. The first one who felt this danger is the American scholar "Harbart Marshall McLuhan", calling that the content is not everything, but there is more important than it and more influential, or the same means, or in other words, technology, and means the message "McLuhan" says The content reaches people by means and this method has changed throughout history several times from tongue, writing, printing, press, radio, television and Internet networks. The more the means change, the more they have a significant impact on society and there have been

radical changes in behavior, regardless of the content of the message, which is a great tool for influence, the message is nothing but the means or, more clearly, the means when it is new, the message that is influenced in society and makes it behave in new behavior.

The study also draws its theoretical framework from the interactive entrance, considering that the most important thing that distinguishes the modern mass media compared to the traditional means is the level of realism that these means allow. By making them available to levels of wealth and interactivity that are not available in traditional media, the Internet and virtual communities across which they are present offer unprecedented levels of interactivity, which have become one of their most important characteristics in general (something embodied in something) or "a previous communication process". According to the theory of reactive result, an individual's perception of the effectiveness of the result requires integration and mutual influence of 3 separate and independent dimensions, namely, the characterization of real technology and the communication of content, individual experience and context, so that the user faces this technology and its content (Haddaden, 1993).

Electronic publications are direct and indirect social alarms, simple or composite, that produce direct or indirect, common or abnormal responses. This is satisfactory or in combination, depending on the interactions between alarms and these responses, which represent the central point of the strategy of risk management and counter- terrorism.

The direct and compound alarms vary in their composition, and this degree depends on many factors, such as indirect alarms, which are often psychological facts, social symbols, and our memories, Our memories of some social attitudes, many of our sleeping dreams and dreams, which revolve around the realization of our hope, Or our success originate from the idea that we hold about ourselves should not be influenced about other people's images and opinions about us. all are social alarms other than us It is a direct social because it is generated as a result of our dealings with others and is indirect because it does not include the prohibition of others while being active to influence the direction and shape of our behavior and what is true of our memories is also true of all psychological events that have been affected in our behavior as direct social stimuli.

Not all social alarms are psychological facts, as these publications, letters, and symbols are all material facts that have been produced by large groups while interacting together, and sometimes these publications are the main aspect with which we interact in our social environment. Sometimes it is a fertile ground or a base background that contributes to some form of criminal or aggressive behavior toward others. The interaction of a person with the social network is within a community where aggressive publications are the

main aspect of the social environment by the emergence of forms of consistent behavior and incompatible behavior that are defined as Criminal conduct.

Social symbols are among the most important cultural products in the direction of the social psychologist, and the symbol in its general sense is the thing or the act that takes the place of something or another act. The symbol in this sense is equal to the sign provided that it is a sign of something else that has been based on social subjects for children who have a natural relationship between them and their symbols, Images and graphics are all symbols that serve the communication without any interaction which can take place between people and not between groups, It is not necessary for social symbols to be objects or actions, but to refrain from certain acts, what we have mentioned about some psychological facts in terms of direct social alarms, which are true for the words, symbols and the display publications in general, that they vary in their simplicity and complexity.

A large number of living actions have originally cumulative responses, i.e. the accumulation of the effects of interaction between a person and certain aspects of his social environment, which contribute to defining the characteristics of a terrorist personality, This defines projections of social responses, and one of the most common direct responses is speech, gestures, smiling, laughter, and different emotions such as anger and fear, sadness, pleasure and sudden reassurance, and it is intended that these responses are directly issued by the person after receiving the alerts, Before moving away from the situation that includes these alerts, there are anomalous direct responses if we compare between their repetition and the repetition of less violent responses, both amicable and aggressive, suicide or suicide attempts, to the anomalous direct responses in this sense, Indirect responses are most prominent examples of deferred responses and are intended for responses that take the form of behavioral facts that

occur at a given time and in a particular place are the most basic types of indirect responses, such that in the case of a human being, response delays sometimes reach several years. It is not enough to read about some instances of revenge in some areas to find a large number of examples of responses that occur ten or twenty years after their alert.

other responses such as, behavioral facts that occur at a certain time and in a particular place, and therefore we cannot see them directly, but we conclude that they exist by relying on observations of some behavioral realities.

The terrorist map and the social responses to aggressive stimuli are based on the interactive view between alarms and responses, and this is done by examining the mutual effect of two or more systems, so that each one's behavior becomes an alarm for the behavior of the other, and that all criminal situations do not go in one direction, but go in and out of it. The behavior of

others directed to us is considered as a wake-up call that follows our response and when it is issued it is an alarm for others following a specific response from them, and so there are social attitudes that tempt us to consider it as a model of the situation in which the influence goes in one direction, From this view, The situation of teaching instructions, information or lessons of verdicts that affect their thinking, and this by presenting examples of aggressive images and criminal methods that attempt to influence from time to time the level of their awakenings, and attention and contribute to the level of their ambition to shape the ideal higher picture.

The communication network becomes a theater for an interactive situation that affects the audience for how it is delivered and displayed for images and the member or participant receives several alerts that interfere in shaping all aspects of his or her continuous performance in the form of an admirable and emotional engagement of him, whether for other images or comments followed by other responses Is closer to the continuous current image in movement.

11.Strategic perception of reducing and quantifying the dangers of terrorism: It is worldwide known that the web is not country-specific or age – specific, thus it beyond any controlling authority and even theoretically - it cannot even be subject to a particular criminal law.

What leads to the sharpness of the problem is the lack or weakness of censorship of electronic messages and the absence of a specific law to be applied to such acts raises the question of the law applicable on the Internet.

It is difficult to detect the crime caused by the use of the Internet because it is mostly hidden and implied. and the victim does not notice it, although it may occur while he is on the network, because the offender has technical capabilities that enable him to accurately detect his crime.

The phenomenon, as reflected in the judicial work in the courts, still requires a lot of training and experience in the investigation and the technical level of the judicial performance." there is a difference in the legal formula with the widespread dissemination of cybercrime to terrorist groups, and the lack of clarity and precision of laws on digital crime In addition to weak performance in terms of investigation and prosecution in many cases, it reflects an alarming reality that cannot be escaped, namely the moral deterioration and the spread of violence in Algerian society, as cyber terrorism is only a reflection of low-level hidden morality among a wide range of people, as well as a lack of cultural awareness, weakness, religious dissension and an inferior weapon for users of new technology.

This, of course, should not leave us to wait for the jurisprudence and the judiciary system measures , but we suggest a technique that requires inserting the bibliographic information by writing the passport code from among the basic data for social media users and since the biometric passport contains the

most important information we can disclose The identity of the user, Even if he conceals his identity or impersonates another figure, then once criminal content or a public security character is published, we extract this information, which cannot be taken away from another social media website as it happens now, Each person who has been assigned 2 to 4 Facebook sites with fictitious or virtual characters, so if an individual wants to open an alias by entering another person's clone number on the social media screen, the security services can declare a personal impersonation by entering another person's passport number and thereby protect the communication domain from Social site pluralism and virtual personalities

It also protects our children who have not reached the legal age yet (14 years) to open the social networking site. The most serious perpetrators according to security interest's statements are children who are expected in the absence of parental control and authority custody of the websites through a range of valuable assumptions that link the dynamic means of children as stocks and aggressive energy that interact with the content of the social networks. By doing so, we will protect our children from the ethical problems raised about the social network as a means of deviation, moral and aggressive practices, and a digital social media program that not only provides personal data but also passport code.

Summary:

The current research seeks to Highlight the engineering space factor for social networking, which is considered to be a factor that may shape the behavior of the criminal and the feeding behavior of users. The electronic environment of the social media network is no longer just an aid to communication and chat between individuals, but rather a set of spaces that perform each Its role in the integration and dynamic interaction that affects the intellectual and emotional structure of those engaged with social media groups. The limited awareness on the dangers of social media on users has made it an easy tool on the hands of terrorist groups in the East and West, where intellectual, ideological and social toxins are transmitted, affecting the intellectual and emotional structures of the person and reshaping it according to the new colonial vision without the need for armed invasion or entry in wars or movement, the individual becomes an easy "dough "to form in the hands of terrorist groups or criminal organizations, through which they achieve their criminal goals with the least effort.

Therefore; we put a strategy to manage crime and combat terrorism through early intervention in a social media interaction to detect crime by analyzing social media publications with indicators of symbolic violence.

The passport number must also be stipulated when opening a special account in

the social network, in order to know the identity of the registrant and user in the electronic form as a technology that works on the fortress of the social network.

Suggestions and recommendations:

- 1- The coordination and cooperation between the State and the system in combating the misuse of information technology should be strengthened by monitoring child use of the different links.
- 2- To expand the concept of cybercrime through educational institutions with guidance and awareness of the danger of the phenomenon to the individual and society.
- 3- The legal text should be strengthened by defining the patterns of criminal conduct according to the appropriate penalties and to include all forms of abuse extending the scope of social service and individual care by attempting to adapt the individual to certain elements of his environment and not by reorganizing the elements of this environment and making them adapted to the individual.

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